





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS Washington, D.C. 20221 www.uspto.gov.

APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/785,456		02/20/2001	Hwan-Seong Yu	8733.394.00 5029		
30827	7590	01/28/2003				
		& ALDRIDGE LI	EXAMINER			
1900 K STR WASHING					TARIFUR RASHID	
				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				2871		
				DATE MAILED: 01/28/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicati n N .	An antico	<u> </u>
]		09/785,456	Ap, ant(s)	
	Office Action Summ ry	Examiner	YU, HWAN-SEONG	
		Tarifur R Chowdhury	Art Unit	
- 17	ne MAILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the	2871	
A SHORT THE MAII - Extensions after SIX (6 - If the perio - If NO perio - Failure to r - Any reply re	ENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY LING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 b) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If or reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply d for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we ply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, acceived by the Office later than three months after the mailing ent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be to within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) da ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from	H(S) FROM timely filed ays will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this communic	
1)⊠ Re	sponsive to communication(s) filed on <u>27 N</u>	ovember 2002 .		
_		s action is non-final.		
3) Sir clo Disposition o	ce this application is in condition for allowal sed in accordance with the practice under E	nce except for formal matters in	rosecution as to the mer 453 O.G. 213.	its is
4)⊠ Clai	m(s) 1-35 is/are pending in the application.			
4a) (Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	n from consideration.		
5)∐ Clai	m(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claii	m(s) <u>1-35</u> is/are rejected.			
7)☐ Claii	m(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Clair Application P	m(s) are subject to restriction and/or apers	election requirement.		
9)∏ The s	pecification is objected to by the Examiner.			
	rawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepte	ed or h) Opinioted to by the Eve		
Apr	licant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) he held in abovence.	mmer.	
11)∐ The p		s: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disappro		
	pproved, corrected drawings are required in reply	/ to this Office action	wed by the Examiner.	
12) <u></u> The o	ath or declaration is objected to by the Exar	miner.		
	35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120			
	owledgment is made of a claim for foreign p	oriority under 35 U.S.C. & 110/a) (d) or (f)	
a)∏ All	b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:)-(u) or (i).	
1.	Certified copies of the priority documents h	nave heen received		
2.			on No	
	Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea attached detailed Office action for a list of	documents have been receive	d in this National Stage	
14) Acknow	vledgment is made of a claim for domestic p	priority under 35 U.S.C. & 119(e) (to a provisional analise	. .
a) ∐ T	he translation of the foreign language provis vledgment is made of a claim for domestic p	sional application has been reco	sived	ition).
Notice of Ref	erences Cited (PTO-892) ftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) isclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal D	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) atent Application (PTO-152)	.•
O-326 (Rev. 04-01) Office Action	n Summary	Part of Daner No	

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DETAILED ACTION

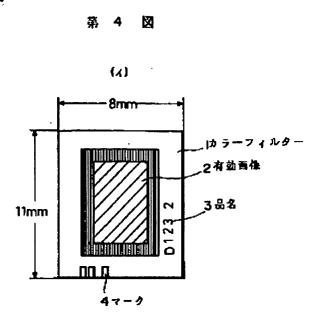
Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over applicant's admitted prior art (AAPA) in view of Toshio et al., (Toshio), JP 2-210402.
- 3. The AAPA described in the present application discloses in pages 3-4 and shows in Fig. 2, a color filter substrate for use in a liquid crystal display device comprising:
 - a substrate;
 - a black matrix (33) having a pattern on the substrate;
 - red, green and blue color filters (35) corresponding to the pattern; and
 - an alignment key (37) at the periphery of the substrate.

The AAPA differs from the claimed invention because it does not disclose the identification mark being formed at the periphery of the substrate.

Toshio discloses color filters with identification mark. Toshio also discloses that by providing identifiable codes/marks in the non-effective image areas of the filters (applicant's periphery of the substrate), it is possible to eliminate the generation of defects and identification errors in the identification work (abstract; Fig. 4).

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Toshio is evidence that ordinary workers in the art of liquid crystal would find a reason, suggestion or motivation to employ an identification mark at the periphery of the substrate.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify the color filter substrate of the AAPA such that employing a identification mark so that the generation of defects and identification errors in the identification work is eliminated, as per the teachings of Toshio.

The AAPA described in page 3, lines 6-9 also discose the use of a transparent conductive layer over the color filter.

Further, since the method of manufacturing the color filter substrate is merely a list of forming each component and each component must be formed to make the device, the method of manufacturing would be inherent to the device.

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Accordingly, claims 1, 10, 11, 13, 14, 16, 17, 26, 27 and 29 would have been obvious.

As to claims 2-4, 18-20 and 31-33, the AAPA described in the present application discloses in page 4, lines 5-11 that the black matrix (33) includes chrome or chrome and chrome oxide double layer or resin having carbon.

As to claims 5-7 and 21-23, Toshio shows in Fig. 4 that the identification mark includes a sign and a character wherein the character includes an alphabet and a number.

As to claims 8, 9, 24, 25, 34 and 35, using the identification mark for storing information such as manufacturer, color filter type, fabrication method and black matrix type is within the level of ordinary skill in the art and thus would have been obvious to optimize the usage of the identification mark.

As to claims 12 and 28, using an overcoat between the transparent conductive layer and the color filter is common and known for several reasons such as to protect the color filter from any contamination and thus would have been obvious.

As to claims 15 and 30, forming the identification mark adjacent the alignment key is considered as design choice and thus would have been obvious.

Response to Amendment

4. It is acknowledged and appreciated that applicant has amended the Title

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments filed on 11/27/02 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.



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a) In response to applicant's argument that Toshio et al., may teach a color filter with an identification mark, but the reference does not teach "the black matrix" and "the identification mark" as recited in claims 1, 13, 16 and 27, and thus Toshio et al., fails to cure the deficiencies of the admitted prior art, it is respectfully pointed out to applicant that the primary reference, applicant's admitted prior art (AAPA) discloses a pattern of black matrix and Toshio was used to find a teaching for having an identification mark at a periphery of the substrate not to find a teaching for using a pattern of black matrix. Therefore, In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See *In re Keller*, 642 F.2d 413, 208
USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); *In re Merck & Co.*, 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986).

Further, for the sake of applicant's argument, it is respectfully pointed out to applicant that Toshio et al., indeed discloses the black matrix being formed at the periphery of the substrate (col. 4, lines 1-2). As a matter of fact Toshio et al., discloses that light shielding layer is formed along with the color filter and as shown in Fig. 4, the color filter (1) is formed at the periphery of the substrate. Therefore, it is clear that the black matrix (not shown in Fig. 4 of Toshio) has a pattern on the substrate and an identification mark (shown in Fig. 4) corresponding to the pattern of the black matrix is formed at a periphery of the substrate.

Therefore, the rejection was proper and thus maintained.



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Conclusion

6. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tarifur R Chowdhury whose telephone number is (703) 308-4115. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th (6:30-5:00) Friday Off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, William L Sikes can be reached on (703) 305-4842. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 746-7005 for regular communications and (703) 308-7724 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1782.

TRC January 13, 2003

Γ. Chowdhury

Patent Examiner

Technology Center 2800